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RADICAL DESSENSION.

From the editorial correspondence of the Charlotte Observer, dated, Raleigh, Sept. 10th, we copy:

The Reds have had stormy times in their caucus. The first row was about the *color line*. Think of it, my bleeding country-men, the *color line* in a Radical caucus! Rowman, Chamberlain, Dula and Hampton wanted a wounded Confederate soldier, from Mitchell, nominated for door-keeper. Badger and Justice of Rutherford, wanted a Wake county negro nominated. Rowman said Wake wanted everything. Badger said Wake gave more Radical votes than were cast by all the counties over the Ridge, and that the vast majority of the voters of Wake were negroes, and that the fact should be recognized by the party. Badger won and the Wake negro was nominated. We have referred to the race between Norton, crippled Confederate, the Democratic nominee, and Jones, negro, in a previous communication. By the by we had the color line in the Convention again to-day. This body went into the election of enrolling clerk and assistant enrolling clerk. Herron, of Haywood, was nominated by the Democrats for the first position, and Hon. M. Q. Waddell, of Chatham, for the second. Smythe (negro) from New Hanover, nominated Sawyer, a carpet bag Wake county negro, Radical caucus nominee, for the first position. The Western white Radical delegates commenced dodging and throwing off, Woodfin, of Henderson county, being the only delegate west of the Ridge who had the courage to vote for an Eastern carpet bag negro, against a Western white man. "To relieve some of his white friends," Smyth, of New Hanover, withdrew Sawyer's name when the vote was over, Woodfin begged to change his vote. Oh! that negro question! The most amusing dodging occurred when Smyth nominated Sawyer (negro) for the second position against Mr. Waddell. Ike Young tried to get over the matter by stating Mr. Waddell would be elected anyway, and moving to make Mr. Waddell's election unanimous, but the "colored troops fought nobly," and prevented this trick by objecting. When a white Radical would "throw off" it would be received by roars of laughter on the Democratic side of the chamber.

But we must refer to the Radical caucus disturbances again. The ultra wing of the Radicals proposed that all the delegates belonging to their party should withdraw from the Convention, and thus leave the body without a quorum. This was opposed, and finally defeated by the more discreet delegates as a revolutionary measure, but it was not done without a hard fight in the caucus.

Another source of discord in the Radical caucus has been the question of relieving Holden's disabilities. The party is considerably divived on the subject. The Holden wing is led by Badger, the anti-Holden wing by Lehman, of Craven, who was a member of the Senate during the impeachment, and voted for Holden's conviction. Lehman takes the ground that the Convention has no right to remove his disabilities, that it should be a legislative act. We learn that he is supported by several *old Whig* delegates. It is not improbable, that they will fail to whip in all their men.

WOMEN IN THE GARDEN.

However aghast some 'fine ladies' may regard the idea of working in the garden, I consider it one of the most wholesome means of exercise within out reach. Wholesome, especially, because we have an object—and an interesting one in taking this exercise—which is the growth of flowers plants. Before commencing work in the garden, put on a pair of worn out leather gloves, a broad brimmed sun-hat, and a pair of good stout boots—if not stout then wear a pair of thin gum over shoes. The dampness of the soil is very liable to produce a "cold." Don't be afraid that the labor will hurt you even if you should become very tired; on the contrary, it would strengthen you give you rosy cheeks and may add years to your life. There is not a spring that I do not spend two weeks at least at work in the garden, and I tell you that to me there is nothing so agreeable. I may say fascinating; and this feeling is doubled when I see the fine flowers and good vegetables growing and put them upon the table from my own handwork.

I've seen her out a walking,
Dressed in a suit of blue;
And it ain't no use a talking,
She's a stepper—just a few!
And modest in her beauty,
As a frog stuck in the mud;
Oh! good-bye, Mollie, darling,
You precious little bud.

Is there a heart that never sighed?
Is there a tongue that never lied?
Is there an eye that never blinked?
Is there a man that never drinked?
Is there a woman that never fainted?
Or is there one that never painted?
If so, then heart, and tongue, and eye,
Must tell a most confounded lie.

GENERAL COLSTON.

For several weeks, our people have been very much excited over the rumor that General Colston had died while in charge of an expedition into the interior of Egypt. During the past few days, the rumor had been apparently confirmed. On Saturday last, Major Byrne telegraphed to General Stone at Cairo, and we are happy to announce that, on yesterday, he received the following reply:

CAIRO, EGYPT, Sept, 14th 1875.

Latest, fifth of August. Colston's health improving. Stone.

We are sure this news will be received by our people with great rejoicing. General Colston has many friends here, to whom his well-being is a matter of much interest.

The following is an extract from a letter written by Major Prout in May last, which before the reception of the above telegram, was latest received from General Colston.

As you already know I expected to meet Gen. Colston at Obeid, he coming down form Debbe on the Nile, nearly due north from Obeid. At Hoorsi I hardly camped when I got a letter from Gen. Colston, entreating me to join him on the route without a moment's delay. He said, 'I am dying, dying a victim to the incompetency and insufficiency with which we were fitted out. I do not think I shall live to reach Obeid; but if I can leave the command in your hands, I shall die content and welcome death as a relief from the most infernal torments a man ever suffered. I knew General Colston to be a man of the greatest courage and energy, physical and mental, and that such a letter would have been written only with good reason. It had been three weeks getting to me, but I knew from Vedonius, who had come through that the General had been alive within a few days, and was not far away. I got a guide and rode hard all night, and early next morning I met the General's caravan on the march; he was carried in a litter by men, and had travelled so far three weeks. Two days later we got here, and here we have rested five days, hoping the General would gain a little strength; on the contrary, he seems failing, and to-morrow we move on to Obeid. The General's illness is most strange; his legs are almost entirely paralized, and the paralysis is gradually ascending, apparently to involve the body; in his shoulders and chest he has, for hours at a time, the most violent rheumatic pain. Add to this days of stranguary, and you can get some faint idea of the misery in which he lives. Our supply of medicine is wofully scanty, and it is only a happy accident that we have a European physician, that botanist of the expedition. What will be the end, of course, we cannot conjecture. The General has quite given up the hope of life, but he is almost cheerful since I joined him, and certainly suffers much less than before. If he lives, however, he can scarcely go on—so that I am now in command of the expedition and shall be till we get to Darfour, when I shall meet a colonel and lieutenant colonel with the other expedition, one of whom will of right take the command if he wishes as he probably will. I should like now to be left to conduct the thing to the end, now that I have had the ill fortune to lose the one man of all the officers in Egypt whom I will be contented to serve under. General Colston is one of the most generous just and gentle men I ever knew, and besides, he is a man of really remarkable attainments. I had anticipated a great deal of pleasure in being with him; it is all over now, beyond a hope.

A RUSSIAN EXECUTION.

One of the most revolting scenes recorded in the annals of modern executions took place on the 15th of May in the Russian city of Mohileff.

Six months before an altercation had occurred at the dinner table of Hotel de l'Europe, in the same place, between two officers of the second Regiment of the Imperial Guards—Col. Rampos Sojinok and Lieut. Ibalos Prizzik.

The latter it appears, was engaged to be married to the daughter of the landlord of the above mentioned hotel, Anna Mirasky. He was fondly attached to the handsome girl, and looked upon all the attempts on the part of his comrades to flirt with her with undisguised jealousy.

On the 3rd of December, 1874, Col. Solinok had drank considerably before going to dinner. At the table he offered loudly to bet $10,000 Anna Mirasky would sell her virtue to him.

Lieut. Prizzik, her affianced lover, was not present, but a note, which the girl immediately addressed to him, brought him in a few minutes to the spot.

No sooner had he heard what the Colonel had said about Anna, than he seized a cane and administered a terrible castigation to the foul mouthed scoundrel. The Colonel tried to parry the blows, but the Lieutenant did not cease belaboring him until his face presented a sickening appearance.

It was one mass of bruises. The nose of the Colonel was broken, and his front teeth knocked out.

The cries of the chastised officer brought the police to the spot.

Prizzik was arrested and taken to the military prison. Next day he was court martialed by a military commission, commission, consisting exclusively of friends of Col. Sojinok.

The trial lasted two hours at the end of which the President of the Court said to Prizzik.

'The Court unanimously find you guilty. It sentences you to be ignominiously expelled from the army, and then suffer death by powder and lead.'

From this sentence the doomed man appealed to the Czar. Anna Mirasky, his fiancee, went herself on her knees, before the Emperor Alexander II.

The latter was deeply moved by the fearful appeals of the unfortunate girl, and he promised to take the case into careful consideration.

Over five weary months passed, during which time Prizzik, loaded with chains, languished in jail.

On the 14th of May, at length, the military Governor of Mohileff received orders to have Prizzik executed.

At daybreak the following morning the doomed lover was led out. Two burly corporals immediately fell upon him and tore his uniform from his back. Then they repeatedly struck him and spit in his face.

Staggering under the blows, he was tied to the stake and the death warrant was read to him.

He cursed the Czar loudly for his injustice, but the roll of drums drowned his voice.

Six soldiers were drawn up in line before him. They fired three volleys at him but not a bullet hit him. Such an ordeal was too much for the nerves of the poor young fellow. He begged piteously that an end might be put to his anguish.

The fourth and fifth volleys resulted in his receiving seven wounds. He was still conscious and writhing in indescribable agony.

Then a corporal ran up to him, and, putting his musket against his temple, blew out his brains.

It was loudly asserted in Mohileff that the first two volleys were fired with blank cartridges, in order to prolong the prisoner's agony.

BAPTISED BY MISTAKE.

Some of our worthy colored brethren of the Baptist persuasion had a baptism down at the creek last Sunday, and the ceremony attracted a very large crowd of people. Mrs. Pitman's colored servant girl was very anxious to be present, and, as it was not her Sunday out, she slipped away from the house while the dinner was cooking, and went round in her working clothes. Her interest was so intense that she stood close to the minister, who was in the water while the ceremony proceeded. After six or seven had been dipped, the clergyman, filled with enthusiasm, seized her, and pulled her into the water. She resisted, but the minister imagined that she was merely afraid of the coldness of the water, so before she could explain the situation he soused her. She came up spluttering, and exclaimed:

'What you doin'? Lemme go, I tell you.'

But he exerted his strength, and sent her 'ker-chuck' below the surface again. She emerged, clawing the air wildly and shouting:

'G'way fum here! Don't you chuck me under again, you nigger!'

But the clergyman was inexorable, and he plunged her under a third time, and held her there for a minute, so as to let it soak in and do her good. Then she came up and struck for the shore, and standing there, looking like a draggled mermaid out in ebony, she shook her fist at the astonished pastor, and shrieked:

'Oh, I'll fix you! I'll bust the head offen you, you or'nary trash! sousin' me in dat dare creek and nearly drowned me, when you knowed well enough all de time dat I'se a Methodist, and bin chrissened by dem dat's yer betters, and knows more 'bout religion den all de Baptisses dat ober shouted, you mis'able black scum! and me got de rheumatiz enough to set me crasy! Oh, I'll see what de law kin do for you! I'll have you 'rested dis very day, or my name's not Johanna Johnson, you woolly headed herrin! You hear me?'

THE HORRORS OF CIVIL WAR.

The London Standard says: The following extract from a letter addressed by the Carlist General Castella to Colonel de Charette, is handed to us by the London Carlist committee for publication. The writer had command of the fortifications at Vallareal during the recent engagement.

"I have during my life, witnessed some very sad scenes of war, and I thought I had seen the summit of human misery in the retreat of the army of the east in 1870, of which I commanded the rear guard. But I cannot recall any impression which can be compared with the feeling which I experienced on entering, with Brigadier Valhierca, the principal street of Villareal, when it was on fire from one to the other. The crackling of the flames, whose red glare struggled against the light of the midday sun, the heavy crash of window giving way and roofs falling in, the shrieks of frenzied women and the cries of children who run with bare feet on the ashes, the grim despair of the old men, as they gazed with dry eyes and fixed stare upon the scene, the imprecation of the Carlist soldiers as parties of them rushed in hot pursuit of the incendiaries; the rattle of musketry, all formed a horrible spectacle which baffles description.

"I saw in a side street, between two burning houses, a women lying stretched out on a mattress, surrounded by little children, half naked, who were uttering piercing cries. The atmosphere was unbearable. The flames all but licked the paths; the burning ruins were falling down on all sides quite close to them; and the family, abandoned in the confusion, were about to be either roasted or crushed. I got off my horse, which was dreadfully frightened by the flames and the noise around, and I went up to where the sick woman lay. She was paralyzed. Her husband, a mule-driven, was away. Some soldiers had carried her out of the house before setting fire to it. The only thing left to her, and that by mere good luck, was the mattress on which she was lying. The heat was becoming more and more intense; their faces were crimson; the children in their agony redoubled their shrieks; their poor mother, as she looked at them, weeping and calling on the Holy Virgin to aid them. What could be more heartrending than this picture, framed as it were in fire.

FIGHTING FOR THEIR LIVES.

Three Young Girls Attacked by a Buck Deer While Rowing Across a Pond.

On the 30th ultimo three young women, residing near the Big Brink pond, in Shohola township, Pa; started to go berrying. They were obliged to cross the pond to reach the woods. Before entering the boat they saw something in the water. Thinking it was a dog they paid no further attention to it, but started on their way across the pond, which is about two miles wide. After rowing for several hundred yards the girl who was piloting the boat saw that what they first thought to be a dog swimming in the water was a buck, which was coming directly toward them. Having a clumsy pair of oars, it was some time before the boat could be turned, and then the deer had reached to within a few yards of them. The girls became greatly terrified, for the deer was fast gaining on them, and from the way it sported and plunged they were satisfied it meant mischief. While the one rowed with all her might the other two paddled thus somewhat increasing their speed; but the deer was slowly gaining on them; and knowing they could not reach the shore before being overtaken, they ceased rowing to prepare for the inevitable battle. When the deer snorting and plunging, had reached to within a few feet of the boat it stopped for a moment. Then it made a sudden plunge, and as its head struck the side of the boat the brave girls brought down their raised paddles upon it with such forceas to drive it under water. The girls again raised their only weapons, and as the head rose to the surface they again brought their paddles to bear upon it with the same result. When the deer again raised from the water it seemed to realize that this was to be the death struggle, and its eyes gleamed like balls of fire. It made a plunge, and threw its fore feet over the side of the boat near the oar-locks. This nearly capsized the clumsy craft, and threw Maggie Jordan, the oldest of the three, into the water, but as she fell she caught the edge of the boat, and was hauled in by one of her companions. Then the heroine at the oars, as she felt the animal's breath in her face, raised a paddle and struck for her life, and as the blow fell across the deer's head the blood started from its nostrils, and it sank back helpless and seemingly dead, but only stunned. The girls then started for the shore, leaving the deer struggling between life and death in the water. Reaching the shore, one of the girls ran to a small log cabin, an eighth of a mile distant, in which lived a family by the name of Berger, and told what had occurred. Mr. Burger, seized his rifle and went to the pond, where he found the wounded deer yet struggling in the water a few rods from the shore. He rowed out to it, and seized it by the antlers, cut its throat and then towed the body to the shore. The deer was the largest ever killed in the neighborhood, weighing 227 pounds.

If you your lips would keep from slips,
Three things observe with care.
Of whom you speak, of what you speak,
And how, and when, and where.

When politicians catch your sleeve,
And lead you off to "beer,"
The fall election days have come,
The drumdest of the year.

Mrs. Beecher says it's all right; but she pays no heed to Henry Ward's agonizing words, 'Well, then, why not gimme back my night key?'

In reply to a young writer who wished to know which magazine will give me the highest position quickest?' a cotemporary advises a powder magazine, if you contribute a fiery article.

HAVE A HOME.

It is the doom of all men to die. It is the destiny of most men to be married. We have a few words of advice to give to young men who are not yet married, but probably will be. Many of them are heedless and wasteful now of their earnings and income, and careless as to whether they spend every cent of what they receive or not. We have seen so much of heart-rending misery resulting from such views and habits, that we are moved to say something on the subject. Every city furnishes frequent examples of families reduced, almost in a single day, from a comfortable livelihood to penury and want. We do not refer now to the cases of speculators to stock gamblers in Wall street where millions are made or lost in a single operation—but to persons in the middle and common or industrial spheres of life.

A young man gets married. He has no vicious or bad habits. He earns good wages, ample for his support, but he has never put by anything, and he has nothing by inheritance. He has a pretty well educated young wife; but her parents were only able to furnish her a fair, ordinary outfit. The young couple begin their married life hopeful, contented and happy. The husband sobers down, is a little more steady and industrious, and he earns a little more money than when single. This slight increase in his income, however, is not more than sufficient to meet his now increased expenses. He does not get ahead any pecuniarily. He goes from mouth to mouth, and from year to year, paying all his liabilities promptly, and gradually increasing his income as he improves in experience and skill. Still the outgoes keep pace with the income, and increase step by step, correspondingly with it. Children grow up, making home still more cheerful and happy. But children, though they are not bought, cost nothing. The habit of laying up money, which the husband and father did not form when single, he has never established since. There has never been any convenient and opportune time for beginning it since he got married. The good wife has always been prudent and economical—always self denying, but boys and girls have many wants and it takes a good lot of money to supply even their necessities.

The family practice economy. They are happy in themselves, and they do not have much company. But suddenly there stalks in among them an uninvited guest. They have never seen him before, and at first they do not fully recognize him. His features are harsh, and his name is Death! He lays his hand on the husband and father. He prostrates him on the bed for a few days, and then he bears him away forever.

Up to this time the family have never known want, yet they have accumulated nothing. There is hardly money enough on hand to defray the funeral expenses. And then what a dreary prospect lies between them! The children, who have been so happy together, must be separated from their mother and from each other. One goes to one place, and another to another, to earn a scanty livelihood, or to subsist on cold and mengre charity. Home exists to them thereafter only in memory. From the frequency with which events like these come under our own observation, we think that hardly a sun rises over this city that does not look upon a new picture resembling that which we have drawn, and at least equal to it in desolation. Our object in this article is to recommend to young men just entering upon the business of life the adoption of such a rule of expenditure and saving as will effectually guard against the possibility of such a calamity to those who may hereafter be dependent upon them. The rule is very simple, and it consists in always laying aside a certain per centage or proportion of your income, no matter what the income is.

THE STRICTNESS OF RIGHT.

There is a line beyond which we may not pass, unless we wish to join hands with Satan himself; and, young man, keep on the right side of that dividing line, do not touch it, even with the hem of your garment. Remember the children of true faith are the salt of the earth. But if the salt have lost its savor, there is nothing wherewith to season it; it is thenceforth good for nothing but to be cast out, and to be trodden under-foot of men. Can we not watch one little hour? Surrounded by every blessing, can we not treat the short pathway to the grave steadily true to the faith of our fathers?

Grindstones are considered safe property to invest in; for if you cannot sell them for cash, you can always turn them.

West Troy has a boat club of young women; but they usually take young men along to do the rowing.

An Indianapolis man says that he hopes 'tied back' dresses will never go out of style; his wife hasn't kicked him in the face since they became fashionable.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY..... SEP. 22. 1875.

PERSONAL.—We had the pleasure of a call on yesterday from JOHN D. CAMERON Esq; editor of the Raleigh *News* and the Hillsboro *Recorder*. Col. CAMERON is one of the leading editors of the South, and the expressions of his paper are regarded as entitled to unusual dignity and weight.—Col. CAMERON gives us a favorable report of the political condition in the old North State, which we are glad and gratified to hear.—*Index and Appeal.*

We were gratified by a brief visit yesterday from John D. Cameron, Esq; editor of the Raleigh *News*, and also of the Hillsboro *Recorder*. Under the editorial control of Mr. Cameron the *News* has become the leading Conservative paper of North Carolina, and ranks among the ablest and best conducted journals of the South, and the Hillsboro *Recorder* cannot be far behind it in ability and influence.—*Richmond Enquirer.*

THE ELECTION.

The County of Orange having resolved itself into a majority of 703 votes, for the Conservative Candidate Maj. Patterson; returns its sincere thanks to Col. Young and other kind, and considerate Radical friends, for the valuable assistance rendered prior to the late election.

THANKS.

One never knows who are his real friends, until his hour of trouble comes! Sorely afflicted by the loss of a beloved, and honored fellow citizen; the county of Orange was still farther distressed, by the deprivation of one half of its representation, in the Convention now in session; when, greatly to the surprise, and gratification, of the Conservative party; their Radical friends from abroad, rushed to their assistance, canvassed the county, and succeeded in nearly doubling their previous majority.

The 'Young' man, from Granville, exerted himself manfully; while Windy Wilyum, did not spare his bellows, to say nothing of other 'little incentryments used.'

They deserve great praise, and a mite y heap of thanks, await their acceptance, from a grateful people. May they be always as successful! There is a beauty in benevolence, that it is comfortable to contemplate!

Old Orange has shown once more, what she can do, when she tries. Let her men promise themselves, that in the hereafter, they will try every time. It is always better, to do a thing, than to leave it undone; for, there is nothing to regret, when a duty has been performed; while regrets (however painful,) are altogether unavailing, when a duty has been thrust aside, and an opportunity neglected. The time that is past never returns, the time that is to come, may not find us here, waiting to make amends. You must work while you have the chance; no man has a bill of sale for the future. Be always ready then and not only ready, but resolved. Keep your own armour bright, and occasionally assist your neighbor, who, being "weak in the knees," is less prompt, and decided in his action than yourself.

The Charlotte Observer says Capt. Plato Durham has introduced an ordinance in the Convention in regard to the Public Debt of the State, which we hope will pass that body without opposition. It proposes to restrain any Legislature from levying taxes or making any arrangement to settle the public debt unless the creditors of the State will agree to a certain compromise, say 25 cents on the dollar. Mr. Durham does not insist upon any particular amount, but he proposes the Convention shall agree upon a sum that is fair and just and restrain the Legislature from paying more. We can hardly think this salutary measure will meet with formidable opposition. We take this occasion to say that no county can boast of a more industrious and zealous delegate than Cleaveland. Capt. Durham's knowledge of parliamentary law makes him a very efficient member. His seathing reply to some insinuation of foul play on the Democratic side, made by ex-Judge Tourgee, reminded us of '68. There is no other delegate whose experience so well qualifies him to fight a carpet-bagger, as Capt. Durham.

It is supposed that Grant is anxious for a Mexican war, in order to create the emergency which he requires. As to whether a Democratic House of Representatives will furnish the sinews for such a war—that is quite another question, says the Wilmington Journal.

Maj. Patterson was regularly sworn in and took his seat on Saturday morning. We are not informed, whether he received any further assistance from his friend Col. Young on the occasion.

A RADICAL HOWL.

The Raleigh News says, some of the Republican papers are much exercised at the introduction of an ordinance into the Convention, requiring the payment of a poll tax as a prerequisite for voting. They denounce the measure as an attack upon the rights of the poor man and an attempt to deprive him of the right of suffrage. It is a part of that system of tactics on the part of the Republicans to denounce everything proposed by the Democrats for the reform of our political system, and to distort every move into a plan to discriminate in favor of one class to the injury of another.

But in spite of the clamor raised, we hope the Convention will adopt the principle and engraft it into the Constitution. Suffrage is not an inherent right to be enjoyed as the air we breathe, or the liberty of speech we enjoy. It is the gift of political society, in compensation for protection rendered by government. It can be withheld when duties and services cease to be reciprocal, or when crime has worked a forfeiture of the right. Suffrage is the badge of the free man and of the law abiding citizen. It hangs uneasily and unnaturally upon the pauper and the felon. It is degraded when the distinction is effaced between virtue and crime, and it departs from its original functions when its exercise is shared indiscriminately without reference to qualification or character.

Under the present Constitution, the poll tax is appropriated exclusively to the support of the common school system, the benefits of which are shared by white and black in equal degree. The injustice to both is apparent when the source of supply is dried up at the very fountain head. The poll tax is at present almost a voluntary offering. There is no way to enforce its faithful collection. The returns of every sheriff show the immense yearly evasion of the tax and deficiency in that source of revenue.

It can work no injustice to any man to be required to pay his poll tax. If his right of suffrage is worth anything he will protect it by this small annual contribution to the objects of education. It is not oppressive to the poor man because its faithful payment would give the poor man what he cannot otherwise get, a good education for his children. If the poor man does not value that blessing, then he is not a good citizen.

The Republicans of North Carolina may take a lesson from the colored people of Virginia. In a Convention they lately held in Richmond, they declared that the education of their race was of prime importance and, the poll tax being applied to the same purpose in Virginia as in North Carolina, demanded that the poll tax should be paid before a man was permitted to vote.

This is simple, direct and efficient way of reaching the end. It is nothing but the demagogue who sees any injustice to any class or race, or who can perceive any injustice in a proposition, the sole object of which is to provide the advantages of education for the very class whose prejudices are appealed to.

REFORM MEASURES.

The Goldsboro Messenger says: How surely and potently public opinion is massing itself in favor of Reform. Indications of this healthy change of sentiment are to be met with everywhere. The great interest manifested in the Convention shows that the people are in deep earnest in this matter, and, we trust, will not look in vain to the Convention now in session for such relief as is most needed.

A large number of amendments are already before the Convention in the shape of ordinances. These should be acted upon as speedily as possible. The people await the result with more than ordinary anxiety; and the responsibility rests with the sixty-one Democrats in the Convention. From the Radical side we have nothing to hope. The animus of their leaders has shown this. Then whatever Reform is accomplished must be the work of the Democrats, and to these, and these only, we address ourselves.

Of the amendments already introduced a large number meet our warmest approbation, and, if enacted, would doubtless receive the sanction of the white people. We speak advisedly on this point. The people of Eastern Carolina appeal to the noted generosity of Western Carolina for aid. Whatever may be the views of our Western friends, here in the East the proposition to confer the appointment of the Judges and Magistrates upon the General Assembly meets with universal favor.

The ordinance proposing to disfranchise convicted rogues and felons, and to disqualify them from holding office or acting as jurors is approved by all honest men; only rogues oppose it. Making pre-payment of poll tax a qualification for suffrage is another good amendment. We would like to see both these ordinances adopted.

Restore the old precinct system, and the courts of pleas and quarter sessions. With some little improvement the old county courts would afford cheap and speedy justice. A six months residence in the county ought to be required as a voting qualification, and the Registration law might be materially improved.

We regret that the Convention act forbids interfering with the Homestead as it now exists. The Homestead ought to be fee simple, and, remain as now, $1000 in value, together with $500 of Personal property, total $1500, and let it be optionary with each claimer to chose $1500 in Real estate or all in personal property. This would put the non-land-owner on equal footing with his more fortunate neighbor.

Fixing the term of State officers at two years, is a good measure; and the ordinance introduced by the Republicans, which provides that no Convention shall hereafter be called unless the question is first submitted to the people meets our approval.

There are several other very good amendments already introduced, but these here mentioned, would benefit the people of Eastern Carolina above all others.

The Charlotte Observer says the Democratic party has majorities in the Congressional delegations of twenty-two States, the Republican party in thirteen; one State (Louisiana) is evenly divided, and one (Mississippi) elects representatives in November. And yet the Republican Federal office-holders of North Carolina flatter themselves that they will enjoy a third term.

The Richmond Enquirer says the North Carolina Radicals fail to see how it is that their party did not get control of the convention when, according to their own count, they had sixty-one members. This is a veritable case of counting chickens before they are hatched, or rather of not knowing whether your eggs are duck sor chicken eggs.

The Detroit Free Press says, when an old veteran in Cairo was asked to split his vote, he replied: 'How could I face the Judgment Day with them angels, knowin' that I'd gone back on the Democratic party?'

Washington, Sept. 16.—The following has been sent to Governor Ames by the Attorney General:

Washington Sept. 14—To Governor Ames, Jackson Miss: This hour I have had dispatches from the President. I can best convey to you his ideas by the following extracts from his dispatches:

"The whole public are tired out with these annual autumnal outbreaks in the South, and the great majority are ready now to condemn any interference on the part of the Government. I heartily wish that peace and good order may be restored without issuing the proclamation. But if it is not, the proclamation must be issued, and if it is I shall instruct the commander of the forces to have no child's play. If there is a necessity for military interference there is justice in such interference as to deter evil-doers. I would suggest the sending of a dispatch, or letter by private messenger to Governor Ames, urging him to strengthen his own position by exhausting his own resources in restoring order before he receives Government aid. He might accept the assistance offered by the citizens of Jackson and elsewhere. Governor Ames and his advisers can be made perfectly secure, as many of the troops now in Mississippi as he deems necessary may be sent to Jackson. If he is betrayed by those who offer assistance he will be in a position to defeat their ends and punish them."

You see by this the mind of the President, with which I and other members of the Cabinet who have been consulted are in full accord; you see the difficulties, you see the responsibilities which you assume. We cannot understand why you do not call the Legislature together and obtain from them whatever powers and money and arms you need.

The constitution of the State is explicit that the Executive of the State can call upon the President for aid in suppressing domestic violence only when the Legislature cannot be convened, and the law expressly says, in case of an insurrection in a State against the government thereof, when it shall be lawful for the President, on application of the Legislature of such State, or of the Executive when the Legislature cannot be convened, to call," &c.

It is the plain meaning of the Constitution and the laws, when taken together, that the Executive of the State many call upon the President for military aid to quell domestic violence only in case of an insurrection in any State against the government thereof when the Legislature cannot be called together. You made no suggestion, even, that there is any insurrection against the government of the State, or that the Legislature would not support you in any measures you might propose to preserve the public order. I suggest that you take all lawful means and all needed measures to preserve the peace by the forces in your own State, and let the country see that the citizens of Mississippi, who are largely favorable to good order, and who are largely Republican, have the courage and the manhood to fight for their rights, and to destroy the bloody ruffians who murder the innocent and unoffending freedmen. Everything is in readness. Be careful to bring yourself strictly within the Constitution and the laws; and if there is such resistance to your State authorities as you cannot by all the means at your command suppress, the President will swiftly aid you in crushing these lawless traitors to human rights.

Telegraph me on receipt of this and state explicitly what you need.

Very respectfully yours,
Edwards Pierrepont,
Attorney-General.

Detroit, Sept. 16.—Advice from Lake Huron shore report a heavy gale all day, and towards night it had increased in violence. The prospects are that whatever craft reaching a place of safety will have hard work to weather the storm.

Louisville, Ky; Sept. 16.—A dispatch to the Louisvill detectives reports the wounding and capture of one of the men who recently robbed the Huntington, west Virginia, bank in broad daylight of $10,000. The capture was made at Pine Hill, Ky; by two residents named Dillon, during Tuesday night.

Boston, Sept. 16.—The Massachusetts State Central Committee of the National Union Party, to the number of fifty, met at their rooms this afternoon. A letter was read from Colonel T. R. Stockdale, of Mississippi, expressing cordial sympathy with the new party movement and pledging hearty co operation; also a long letter from General J. A. Early, of Virginia, expressing the same sentiments.

IN MEMORIAM.

It is our painful duty to notice the death of Mr. Thomas C. Cooley, who died of consumption at Marno Station, in Travis county, on the 22nd of August last.

The deceased was born in Hillsborough, N. C; on the 9th of December, 1839. When very young he came with his parents to Texas. He was raised in Marshall. Here he spent his boyhood and earlier manhood. At sixteen or seventeen years of age he commenced writing for the press, and gave evidence of talent. But the war came on, and like most of our young men, he volunteered in the service, where he remained until its close, making a true and brave soldier. After war he settled at Henderson, in Rusk county, where he engaged in the printing business, in which he continued until the close of his life. In 1866 he married in Henderson an estimable lady, who is now a widow with three helpless children. How great is the loss to her and to them! His mother and sisters are living in Marshall. To them all it is a sad and sore affliction. We deeply sympathise with them in their great bereavement.

Mr. Cooley was connected with several public journals: Panola Bulletin, at Carthage; Henderson Times, Gilmer Sentinel, Canton News, and Cleburne Times.

His health had become so much impaired that he left Cleburne for the frontier, vainly hoping for a new lease of life. He reached Marno Station, only to die.

We know but few particulars of his illness. His faithful wife was too distressed to write much. He was a Mason and an Odd Fellow and a member of the M. E. Church in the faith of which he died as sincere and triumphant christian. He was an honest man, devoted to his friends, and generous in his impulses. Many will remember these admirable traits of his character even in his boyhood. But he has passed life's vale, and his eyes have opened upon that eternal world to which we are all hastening. May he find peace and happiness on its shore, and may our Heavenly Father throw his protecting arm over those whom in life he loved.—*Texas Herald.*

HILLSBORO MARKETS.

Corrected by
C. M. PARKS.

Oats 50.
Meal, 110.
Corn, 110.
Butter, 25.
Eggs, 12½.
Chickens, 12½.
Wheat, $100@1.10.
Bacon home cured Cash round, 15c.

MARKETS.

DANVILLE, Va., Sept. 20th.

Reported by S. H. Holland & Co., Receipts light and market very active.

Lugs, Very common	6.00 to 8.00
" Good "	11.00 to 12.00
" common bright,	15.00 to 18.00
"fancy Smokers,	20.00 to 30.00
Leaf, common red	10.00 to 11.00
" good	12.00 to 14.00
Wrappers, Medium	20.00 to 30.00
" Fine,	35.00 to 45.00
" " Extra	50.00 to 60.00

DURHAM Sept. 20th.

Corrected by Reams and Walker.

Lugs.—Dark,	7 to 8
Red,	8 to 11
Bright.—Com.	12 to 16
Good,	16 to 20
Fine,	20 to 25
Fancy,	20 to 35
Red Leaf.—Com. dark,	9 to 11
Good,	11 to 15
Fine,	18 to 20
Bright Wrap.—Com.	12 to 16
Medium,	16 to 25
Fine,	25 to 40
Extra.	40 to 70

COTTON.—Raleigh Sept 18th.—The market firm, receipts light. Low middlings at 12½; stained at .

We are indebted to the Raleigh News for our Cotton reports.

Wilmington, 18th. Cotton quiet. Middlings 12½; low middlings 00.

Norfolk, 18th. Cotton quiet. Middlings 13¼.

FLOUR.—Flour Markets dull and prices rule low. Raleigh, Sept. 18th, North Carolina $6,00@$6,50.

Provisions.—Raleigh Sept. 18th. Western shoulders 10a11c. Clear rib 14. Hams 16.

Wheat.—Richmond 18th. No material changes, prices for both Red and White ranging between 1,20 to 1,51.

TO FARMERS. MILLERS, BUILDERS. MECHANICS
AND ALL OTHERS PURCHASING HARDWARE.

HICKEY & SUBLETT.

DANVILLE, Va.,

ARE offering at very low Prices a large Stock of

Iron. Steel, Nails, Building Hardware, Tools, Hoes,

Sheet Iron for Flues, Horse Shoes, Grain Cradles, Grass and Grain Scythes, Snaths, Buggy Material, Saddlers' Goods, Belting, Files, Rope, Glass &c. &c. ALSO

Doors, Sash and Blinds.

GOOD GOODS. LOW PRICES. Write to us.

HICKEY & SUBLETT,
DANVILLE, VA.

June 16th '75.

NOTICE
OF
ASSIGNMENT.

AT COST
AND
Below Cost!!

MR. H. N. BROWN has this day Sept. 3rd 1875, made to me an assignment of all *Goods, Wares and Merchandise, Books, Notes, Real Estate, &c.*, For the benefit of his Creditors. I will proceed immediately to close out the

STOCK OF GOODS,

and collect all indebtedness. There is a large and varied Stock of Goods, which I now offer for COST, and a great many Goods for less than Cost. You would do well to examine the Stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

SAVE COST.

All persons indebted to H. N. BROWN, by Note or Open Account, would do well to come forward and make payments immediately, as I am determined to collect all that is due as early as possible. I will receive in payment on account, Wheat, Oats and Flour.

D. C. PARKS.
Sept 15. *Receiver.*

SAMPSON.

WHY not call and ask 'Brown' do I owe you by Note or Account? To-day I work to—sept 15. H. N. BROWN.

Horner & Graves' School,
HILLSBORO, N. C.
A Classical, Mathematical, Scientific,
AND
MILITARY ACADEMY.

THE Fall Session begins the 4th Monday in July.

TERMS:

Board and Tuition, including fuel washing, lights, and furnished rooms, $157.50 per Session of TWENTY Weeks.

INSTRUCTORS.

J. H. HORNER, A. M.
R. H. GRAVES, A. M.
HUGH MORSON, Jr., Uni. of Va.
Maj. D. H HAMILTON,
A. W. VENABLE, Jr.,
Po'keepsie Com. College.

Circulars sent on application.
aug. 4th 1875. 1y.

FARM IMPLEMENTS.

WE ask the attention of the entire farming community to our unequalled stock of

Farm Machinery & Wagons

We are now receiving one car load of
THE MITCHELL WAGONS.
And a car load of
THE STUDEBAKER WAGONS
Both of these makes of wagons are celebrated throughout the country, and both are sold with a twelve month's warranty. Getting them by the car load we can sell them low as the freight is very light. For the late crop of grass we have a full line of

MOWERS,

ranging in price from $60 to $120, and including
The Williams,
The Champion,
And the Clipper.

We have also three second hand Mowers on hand and for sale at $50, $60 and $70—good mowers, and in perfect order.

KELLER PATENT,
Grain Seed
AND
FERTILIZING DRILL,

The best and most perfect.
GRAIN AND GUANO DRILLS
in the market.

All the above and full assortment of reasonable FARM IMPLEMENTS may be found at the Warehouse of

H. M. SMITH & CO.
1532 Union St. Richmond, Va.

N. B. Write for special circular of any implement you want. aug. 4 tf.

Nat. L. Brown,
RALEIGH, N. C.

DEALER in all kinds of
Musical Instruments, Strings and Trimmings for Violins, Guitars, Banjors,
CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES, Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.
BASKETS, Baskets, the largest assortment in the State.

Also General Agent for the celebrated ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS. Best for Churches, best for Schools, best for the Home Circles, best Everywhere. You can save money time and freight by purchasing from NAT L BROWN,
Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Raleigh, N. C.
Jan. 20. tf.

WANTED.—Poplar Lumber 1000 feet ¼, ½ and 1 inch thick, highest cash price paid by COOLEY.



Dr. D. A. Robertson,
Surgeon Dentist.

Office up stairs in Berry's brick building, as heretofore.

WILL continue to visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Mon day of every month. And spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

Owing to the great scarcity of money, prices have been reduced to the same they were before the war.

Orders left with Charles M. Parks' will be promptly attended to. March 4 ly.

Marshall C. Cameron,
Dentist.

Late with DR. D. A. ROBERTSON.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Hillsboro and vicinity. CHARGES moderate and satisfactory references given if desired. Persons will be waited upon at their Houses, until I can arrange a suitable office. All orders left at Dr. Hookers, Drug Store, will be promptly attended to.

Dec. 8th 1874. 6m.

This is to certify that Marshall Cameron, of Hillsboro, N. C. has been a student in my office for three years, commencing Nov. 16th 1871 and ending Nov. 16th 1874. I take great pleasure in recommending Dr. Marshall Cameron to any who may need his services as a dentist, feeling sure that he will do justice to his patients, and honor to his profession.

Nov, 16 '74. D. A. ROBERTSON.

NEW GOODS
AT
Living Prices!

MRS. MATTIE TAYLOR, respectfully announces to the citizens of Hillsboro and vicinity that she has just received a

NEW STOCK
of Goods, consisting in part of
Ladies' Misses and Children Hats,
Flowers,
Ribbons,
Vailing,
Laces,
Embroideries,
Ladies Ties,
Frilling. Collars and Cuffs,
Gloves, Belts,
Jewelry, Combs,
Necklasses, Bracelets,
Needles, Thread.
Buttons, Scissors,
H'dk's, Hose,
Corsetts,
Parasols.

Ladies of the town and the country are earnestly solicited to call and examine her stock before making orders elsewhere. She is confident that she will give satisfaction.

August 25.

WANTED.

ALL kinds of Country Produce—for New Goods. MATTIE TAYLOR,
Milliner and Dress Maker,
"At Brown's."

HATS! SHOES!

I AM now supplying my customers this season with some of the most STYLISH soft FELT and SILK HATS, ever brought to this market.

My special styles the 'Cavalier and Confederate' for persons wanting a wide brim, and 'Arlington, and 'Yeomans,' for young men, have been pronounced the most sensible, serviceable and unique HATS ever produced.

☞ Orders carefully filled. Give about height of crown and width of brim, color and price wanted.

Constantly supplied with full lines of Misses and Childrens Shoes in COLORS; pearl and buff; with or without heels, lace and button.

☞ In ordering state age of child if size ware is not known.

Connected with the establishment is a work shop where the finest BOOTS and GAITERS are made to order. None but finest Calf Skin used and fit always guaranteed.

Fine Calf Boots and Gaiters kept constantly in stock from which we rarely fail to make a fit.

TRY ME.

JOS. L. TYACK,
Danville, Shoe and Hat Store.
June 30.

PEPPER'S WHITE FRONT.

The subscriber hereby gives notice to his old friends and customers that the

WHITE FRONT

continues to offer its usual attractions, making it the most popular resort in the city of Raleigh.

The OYSTER SEASON is just opened.

Oysters will be served in all styles and at all hours. All other delicacies of the season will be furnished.

The best of LIQUORS and WINES and LAGER BEER.

Call at the White Front.

sept. 15.2m. W. R. PEPPER.

The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....SEP. 22 1875

LEGAL DEPARTMENT.

Term of the Recorder for 1874.
For 1 year. $2·00.
" 6 months. 1.00.
Payments always in advance.
Job printing done neatly cheap'y and promptly.

See fourth page both for Ads and Interesting reading matter.

From The State.

Absence last week must be our apology for omission of notice of much interesting matter. We had hoped to obtained a report of the celebration at Chaple Hill. Perhaps we may yet be so fortunate.

We will notice Purcell Ladd &co, Rahm & Hunter, C. W. Thorne, M. S. Valentine and others when we find room.

Entertainment.

Nine Orphans from Oxford will give a free entertainment in Hillsboro on the evening of Wednesday, the 22th 1875 at th· Baptist Church at 7 o'clock p m. The friends of the cause will secure a place and make needed arangements. With best wishes.

J. H. MILLS

Major Patterson's Election.

We believe we did not miscalculate in our hopes in the recent election. The vote was not as full, perhaps as we expected, but Major Patterson's majority is up to the mark· It is more than satisfactory. It not only removes the last existing doubt as to the control of the Convention, but it shows that the people of Orange had not forgotten their duty to their party, nor their obligations to the memory of the great man whose place they were called upon to supply. Nor did they forget what they owed to W. N. Patterson. He had claims outside of obligations to others, and it is right that the county has recognized them.

THE ORANGE GUARDS.

We are happy to notice the re-organization of this old company. It is a thing creditable to Hillsboro. Its decay might have been accounted for. Death had almost obliterated it, death met in a glorious cause. Patrotism, and courage, gave the 27th North Carolina Regiment a splendid fame, and no company made a more brilliant reputation than the Orange Guards. We are proud of them, and the people of Orange cherish the memory of the gallant band that sustained so handsomely the credit of the county and the State.

Few suvivors remain, and the new organization is a new one. But some of them are veterans of the war, and they are determined to maintain the record made by the Old Orange Guards.

Something like a year ago Mr. Christopher C. Jordan left Orange County N. C. for fine golden shores, and sunny fields of California· He has just returned, fully satisfied that North Carolina is the Eden of this world, and Old Orange the brightest spot in the garden.

Richmond.

We call attention to some few advertisements in this city which ought to have a larger appreciation of its North Carolina interests than it displays through its advertising patronage· Perhaps after a while it will recognize the importance of following the example that a few sagacious men set. We call attention to the following.

TALBOTT & SONS.

This is one of the oldest houses engaged in the manufacture of all kinds of Machinery. There is nothing that the planter needs, nothing that the Manufacturer wants that this firm cannot supply. We suppose that no house in Richmond is of so much consequence to the tobacconist as that of Talbott & Son's, and in the construction of all kinks of Agricultural Machinery they have no equal.

J. R. TYLER &Co.

There is no such splendid jewelry establishment, south of the Potomac as is occupied by this firm. It has been lately removed to a house owned by the firm, and specially fitted up for the business. Readers of the Arabian nights would have their dreams realized. Nothing but such dreams convey an idea of the establishment. Yet, Tyler & Co is a place, where the purse is not stretched, and the moderation of charges is surprising.

A. L. ELLETT &co.

This firm has moved to a new house built and owned by the firm, and is now without an equal in the whole-sale trade in the city of Richmond, a thorough examination from cellar to the fourth story enables us to say that it is complete in all its parts, and no such stock can be presented any where to the eye. It would seem to be folly for any North Carolina merchant to go to New York when such goods and such prices are offered by A. L. Ellett &co·

JAS. W. GIBSON.

This is one of the oldest crockery establishments in Richmond, and having some experience in it, we think it the best, all orders will be promptly filled, and there will be no disappointment. For anything and every thing beautiful in the crockery department, and at the lowest prices, address James W· Gibson.

Another bear has just been killed in Onslow county. It weighed over 300 pounds

For the Recorder.

TRINITY COLLEGE N. C. SEP. 10, 1875.

MR· EDITOR:—One week ago this morning, as the silent shades of the last night of August were stealing away before the approaching dawn of September's first morn, your humble correspondent was awakened from his easy and delightful slumbers, and called from the enchanting arms of morpheus by the cry, "rise, or you'll be too late for the train!" No sooner had the doleful cry fallen upon my listless ear than the thought of leaving old Caldwell, and kind friends seized me, and bore me upon its frantic wings into the deep cells of sadness and into the paths of pensive musing and melancholy meditation. But in obedience to the mandatory cry, I sprang from "dreamland's towers," and ere the great king of September's first day had appeared 'midst the red unrivalled splendor that seem to rest upon the oriental azure, and amid the assembled clouds which seemed to have collected to greet his appearance, and attend him in another diurnal round, I found myself in readiness for anothe diurnal task,—the beginning of which was a rather sad departure from Caldwell.

After partaking of a bountiful breakfast at the table of Mr. L. W. Hall, the hotelist of Caldwell, I entered upon the long rough and aggravating road, leading from Caldwell to Hillsboro. And in this connection, Mr· Editor, I would say that the greatest, and perhaps, the only objection that can be brought against old Orange is her miserably bad and rough roads. It is useless to argue the one great necessity of keeping the roads in a good condition, because every man of common sense sees and feels this one great need; the interests of every farmer, the welfare of every citizen, the prosperity of every town and township in the county and especially, the welfare and prosperity of Hillsboro demand that the roads be kept in good condition for the travelling public of the county. I commend, and would earnestly urge these roads upon the attention of those whose duty it is to keep them in a good condition. Their own interests, if nothing else, certainly demand a discharge of this duty to the county and to the public at large. So much for the roads!

When my dimmed eyes, had regained their usual vigor upon leaving Caldwell, I beheld a vast, broken cloud which seemed at first to be formed of mist or fog, but upon inquiry, I learned that it was only a vast volume of smoke which had issued from the tobacco barns of that section of country. The farmers of that section are now busy in curing their tobacco, and they are sparing no pains to cure and fit it for the highest sales.

Besides enjoying such enviable school facilities as the Caldwell Academy affords this community can also boast of the finest tobacco that was ever grown upon the soil of Old Orange. Look out, Caswell and Granville, for your "laurels!"

Being possessed with an easy temper, and with much physical ability and cheered by the company of a lively, whole souled companion Mr· L. W. Hall, I arrived at Hillsboro safely tho' somewhat fatigued but was soon restored and delighted, by an healthy drink from Mr· J. Gattis' Soda Fount

After a sojourn of a few hours in Hillsboro I took my departure on the freight train for Company Shops, where I "took quarters" for the remainder of the night at the old hotel now under the management of Mr· J. B. Field of High Point, who knows how to keep a first class hotel· At sunrise, I awoke and, in a short while, was served such a breakfast as scarcely meets my anxious, lusatiate eye. After taking a short ramble over this town, I left as I found it decayed in its glory and sunk in its worth, and in a few minutes I found myself seated in the Chapel of Graham High School before an audience of fifty pupils. Here, I was permitted to assume the dignity of a professor and to enjoy the kind hospitality and courtisies of the Principals of this excellent institution, which has just opened with much brighter prospects than ever before· The afternoon brought my visit here to an end and having taken leave of this institution with a fond desire to visit it again. I took a bird's eye view of Graham, which I found to be dry dull, and at a stand still. Graham can boast of her school facilities, but with exception of these she must hide her red face and acknowledge her non-improved condition.

Turning my face southward I started upon a tour through the southern part of the county, which I found, blessed with good roads and good crops. The corn on Haw River, especially is unusually good down as far as the Chatham line. After two day's rambling in this section, I started westward along the old Alamance creek lined with rich fertile bottoms which are now covered with the finest corn I ever saw, and passed over the richest and dearest spot of Alamance—the spot which has shed a flood of glory upon her, and which will ever make her memorable in the history of this State and nation, I mean the spot upon which was raised the first arm of resistance to British tyranny, and which drank the first blood that was spilled in that immortal struggle.

Had I a mind as rich in historic lore as that of Bancroft, or a genius as fertile as that of an king I might delineate the spot in colors that would burn, and tell its importance "in thoughts that breathe," but I can only confess my inability by refraining from the task, and leave the immortal theme for the historian and the poet to feel and sing· From this spot I made my way into the southern part of Guilford, where I viewed in ecstacy, some of the finest scenry in N. C. and again I witnessed fine crops of corn—thence retraced my steps to the railroad, where I took passage for Trinity College N· C. my place of destination· Here again I beheld fine crops, but I must now turn my attention from corn crops, politics, sporting &c; to the pages of classic lore and again sip sweet nectar from the eternal fount of knowledge. One hundred and six students have matriculated here and "still they come·" Craving your indulgence, Mr. Editor, for the length of this hastily written account of my ramble. I bid you a respectful good-bye

'SAMBO.'

HILLSBORO SEP. 18th 1875.

At a meeting of old soldiers and other citizens of Orange County in the Court House on Saturday the 18th inst Dr. Pride Jones was called to the chair and A. W. Graham requested to act as secretary· The Chairman having announced that the object of the meeting was to re-organize "the Orange Guards," James A. Graham moved that the secretary be requested to read the act of incorporation of 1858 and the Constitution and by-laws adopted Feb 22nd 1859 carried. After the reading, on motion of T. D. Tinnin the aforesaid Constitution and by-laws were adopted. On motion of Jas. A. Graham, the resignation fee was reduced to $2.50. The Chairman then announced that the election of officers was in order. T. D. Tinnin nominated Halcott P. Jones, for Captain C. S. Cooley nominated Jas. A. Graham, Mr. Graham, in a few appropriate remarks, thanked his friend for the honor but regreted that he could not serve, if elected, on account of living in another county, and not being able to be present at the meetings so declined to be a candidate. On motion of A. W· Graham, Halcott P· Jones was then unanimously elected Captain

The following officers were then elected.

Wm. N. Anderson, 1st Lieut.
Sidney G. Strayhorn, 2nd Lieut.
A. W. Graham, 3rd Lieut.
W· O· Long, Treasurer.
T. D· Tinnin, Secretary.
S. J. Lynch, Sutler.

The commissioned officers will appoint the non-commissioned officers.

Messrs. Anderson, Graham, Long, Tinnin and Lynch were then appointed a committee to devise a suitable uniform for the company. On motion H. P· Jones W. N. Anderson A. W. Graham were appointed a committee to procure arms; On motion of Wm. N. Anderson Dr. Pride Jones were added to both committees.

The meeting then adjourned to meet again at 4 o'clock on Thursday the 23rd of Sept, at which time and place it is hoped every member will be present, as business of much importance will come up for consideration.

PRIDE JONES
Chairm'n

A. W. GRAHAM Sec'y.

The Raleigh News says, we learn a severe accident which occurred at Durham about 5 o'clock yesterday evening. The Durhamites, in honor of the large majority given Major Patterson in the election in Orange on Thursday, were engaged in firing a cannon, when the gun was prematurely discharged. Mr. Perry W. Austin, formerly of New York, but at present engaged as a painter at Durham, had both of his hands blown off, and Mr. J. B. Morris, a native of Durham, was wounded severely in both hands, but it is hoped they may be saved without any serious injury to them. Mr. Austin has no family, but Mr. Morris has a wife and several children. Some fifteen shots had been fired when the accident occurred.

We are indebted to a gentleman from Baltimore, who came from Durham last evening on the freight train, for the above facts.

LATER.—We regret to learn that Mr. Austin has since died, and that Mr. Morris will probably lose his left hand and possibly one eye.

The Charlotte Observer says: A gentleman went home to dinner yesterday, and hearing a wonderful cackling by an old hen and a brood of chickens outside, went out to see what was the matter, and saw a rooster holding a rat tightly in his grip, while the old hen and chickens stood around and cackled lustily in their wonder and alarm·

Verily, this town is the home of many strange beasts. Not long ago we reported the case of a hog which was caught sucking a cow; now along comes a chicken which catches rats. What next?

Mr. Jas· A· Williams, one of the editors of the Wilson Advance, died on Monday night at the residence of his father, Henry A· Williams, Esq; in Wilson· Mr. Williams was a young journalist, yet he stood high in the profession, and was much respected for both his ability and courtesy.

The Charlotte Observer says: Mr B· K. Dickey, of Cherokee county, was in this city, yesterday, on his way home from Richmond. He had been there to make arrangements with the officials of the Piedmont Air Line Railway Company, for the shipment of cattle from Cherokee county, N. C; to Richmond. The distance from where Mr. Dickey proposes to start his cattle, to the Atlanta & Richmond Air Line Railroad, where he proposes to put them on board, is 60 miles. We are glad to know that he effected a satisfactory arrangement, and will shortly begin his shipments·

If this business is properly managed, it can soon be made a source of great profit. There is no finer grazing country than some of the mountain counties of North Carolina, and if the people of the country will devote more of their attention to cattle raising, even with their meagre shipping facilities, they can make it yield them a handsome revenue.

ORANGE OFFICIAL VOTE.

	PATTERSON,	DUKE.
Hillsboro,	252	256
Smith's,	75	43
Cedar Grove,	192	122
Hall's,	126	18
Douglas',	46	26
Mangums',	173	124
Lipscombs,	71	22
Durham,	499	301
Pattersons,	94	85
Gunters,	66	12
Chapel Hill,	218	214
Cole's,	46	15
Eubank's	86	15
Cates',	57	44
	2,000	1297

Patterson's maj. 703.

Want of space prevents our giving the proceedings at Chapel Hill on last Wednesday. Suffice it to say for the present that it was a perfect success, a full account may be expected next week.

IS YOUR LIFE WORTH TEN CENTS?

Sickness prevails everywhere, and everybody complains of some disease during their life. When sick, the object is to get well; now we say plainly that no person in this world that is suffering with Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and its effects, such as Indigestion, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Heart burn Palpitation of the Heart, Depressed Spirits, Biliousness, &c; can take GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER without getting relief and cure· If you doubt this, go to your Druggist Dr. G. Hooker and get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try it· Regular size 75 cents, Two doses will relieve you.

INTERESTING TO MUSICIANS.

Just think of getting an Elegant Piano for only $1.25. The enterprising publishers of that valuable magazine the SOUTHERN MUSICAL JOURNAL have purchased a Superb $1,000 Prize Piano which will be raffled among One Thousand Subscribers. Each subscriber has a Free Chance, as a premium· Remit $1.25 at once and secure the Journal for one year and a Numbered Ticket in the raffle. The list will soon be closed. Subscribe now if you want a chance to win the piano. The Journal is well worth the $1.25, and Subscribers cannot lose a penny by the venture. Address the Publishers,

LUDDEN & BATES.
Savannah, Ga.

FALL TRADE 1875.

A. L. ELLETT & CO.,

HAVE removed to their new Warerooms, Nos. 10, 12 and 14 Twelfth street, between Main and Cary streets, Richmond, Va., where they are now prepared to offer to the merchants of the South an entirely new and fresh Stock of *Staple and Fancy Dry Goods and Notions*, the largest they have ever offered; all bought at the very lowest prices which have prevailed the past few months. Their Stock embraces every variety suited to the Southern trade, selected with great care from manufacturers and their agents. We ask the Merchants of the South to an examination of our Stock, fully assured that we can satisfy any who will give us a fair chance that they can do as well in the Richmond market as any other in this country.

A. L. ELLETT & CO.
Sept. 22 2m.

TALBOTT & SONS,

(Successors to TALBOTT & BROTHER.)

Shockoe Machine Works,

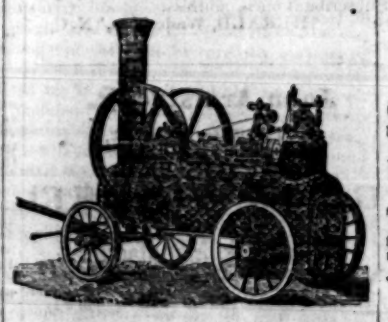
CORNER CARY AND 17th STS.,

RICHMOND, VA.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

STEAM ENGINES.



CIRCULAR Saw and Grist Mills; Hydraulic Presses, and all kinds of Tobacco Fixtures, Wrought Iron Works, Brass and Iron Castings, Machinery of every description, &c.
Sept 22nd 1y·

JAMES W. GIBSON,

Successor to KELLOGG & GIBSON.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

China, Glass, Queensware,

AND

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

No, 1207 Main Street,
sept. 22 3m RICHMOND, VA.

John H. Tyler & Co,

Successors to

MITCHELL AND TYLER.

1005 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware.

GOLD AND SILVER SPECTACLES.

WATCHES REPAIRED in the best manner.

HAIR JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER.

☞ Prompt attention paid to Orders by mail or otherwise.
sept. 22 1y.

NEW STORE AND New Goods.

I have now removed to my New BRICK STORE, where I will be pleased to see my friends, and the public generally. I have now in Store, and am receiving, a full line of

Confectioneries, Groceries & Provisions.

Confectioneries, such as Plain and Fancy

CANDY, ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS, FIGS, and all kinds of

Nuts, Currants, Prunes, Citrons, Jellies, Preserves and Extracts, Cakes, and Crackers

Every thing in the CONFECTIONERY line.

Fine Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, a Speciality.

In the way of GROCERIES, I have

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Cheese, Soap, Candles and Starch.

PROVISIONS, SUCH AS

Meal, Flour, Bacon, &c.

All of which I will sell very LOW for CASH. I hope you will give give me a call before purchasing elsewere.

ALSO—Good Cider Vinegar.

June 23. J. R. GATTIS.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that by virtue of a Mortgage given to the North Carolina State Life Insurance Company, the undersigned, as Attornies of said Company, will, on the

25th day of September 1875,

At the Factory of E. H. Pogue, in Hillsboro, expose to sale to the highest bidder at Public Auction for Cash, the following property to wit.

One Hydraulic Pump; Two Shape Presses; Two Pot Presses Two Pot Mills; Two Sets of Shapers; Six Box Screws; One Ratchet Screw and other implements and other Machinery in said Factory.

JOHN W. GRAHAM,
T. RUFFIN.

August 26th 75. tds.

COOKING STOVES! AT COST.

FOR the next THIRTY days we will sell the Cotton King, Grange and Farmer Cook Stoves at the following prices:

No. 7s at $25.00; No. 8s at $30.00,

including Hollow Ware, Pipe &c.

This is a rare opportunity for those wishing to purchase a first class STOVE at a reduced price. Dont buy your Stoves from Strangers and pay more than your neighbors ask for them.

Taylor & Bro.

Aug. 26 1875.

R. L. HICKSON,

DANVILLE, VA.

Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Boots, Shoes, Hats,

FURNITURE, CHINA, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c. &c.

I occupy FOUR of the LARGEST Stores in the place, and each branch of the business is conducted separately. In FURNITURE, I have the largest Store South of Baltimore. Parties, in want of LOW Prices in the FURNITURE, would do well to call on me, before purchasing elsewhere, or Ladies in want of fine

DRY GOODS.

can save money by calling on me, or sending for Samples which will be cheerfully sent.

RICH'D. L. HICKSON,
Main Street,
an. 13. Danville, Va.

T. J. WILSON, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE and Residence, on corner of Queen and Churton Sts. Where he can always be found except when absent Professionally.
Jan. 12 74 ly.

NOTICE.

THE following is a Statement of the pay of the Board of Commissioners of Orange county for the year ending 1st September 1875 also the number of days and mileage of each member

Jones Watson, 50 days at $2 per day		$100 00
1 day attendance board assessor,		3 00
mileage 418, miles 5		20 10
		$123 90
N. P. Hall, 54 days, at $2 per day		$108 00
1 day attendance board assessors,		3 00
mileage 190 miles 5		9 50
		$120 50
J. F. Lyon, 54 days at $2 per day,		$108 00
1 day attendance board assessors		3 00
Mileage 200 miles 5		10 00
		$121 00
J. U. Kirkland 34 days at 2 per day		$68 00
1 day board assessors		3 00
Mileage 80 miles 5		1 80
		$72 80
C. B. Green 29 days at $2 per day		$58 00
Mileage 388, miles 5		19 40
		$77 40

I John Laws, Clerk of the Board of Commissioners of Orange county, certify that the foregoing is a true statement of the amount allowed and Mileage of the members of the Board as compensation, from September 7. 1874 to 1st September 1875.

Orange county, JOHN LAWS.
6th Sept. 1875. Clerk.

BIRD DOG WANTED.

WANTED, a young and thoroughly broken (Male) Pointer or Setter. He must be staunch on a point, and a good retriever. For a well trained dog (and no other is wanted) a reasonable price will be paid.

Address, with full description, price, &c.

NIMROD,
Lock Box 212.
21. Wilmington, N. C.

☞ FIRST CLASS GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

SAVE MONEY BY PURCHASING YOUR DRY GOODS OF LEVY BROTHERS,

Colored Grenadines at 8⅓, 8⅓, 10 and 12½c. worth more than double the money;
These prices are fixed extraordinarily low to close out the whole stock;
Lawns at 8⅓, 12½, 16⅔, 25 and 30c;
Wash Poplins at 12½ and 16⅔c, worth 16⅔ and 25c.
Black Alpaca at 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 75, 85, 90, and up to $1,50, per yard;
This embraces the largest and cheapest stock of Alpacas in this city;
Wide Black Silk for lining at 75c. per yard;
Black Silks at 90c, $1, 1.10, 1.25, 1.35, 1.50, 1.75, $2, and up to $3,50 per yard—all of which are much below regular prices;
Colored Silks in great variety at extraordinary bargains;
Remnants of Dress Goods at extraordinary bargains;
Australian Crepe at 50, 60, and 75c, per yard;
Bombazines and other goods for mourning;
Crepe Veils in all qualities and sizes, also a full assortment of LOVE VEILS;
Hemstitched Tape Border, Colored Border and Mourning Handkerchiefs, in great variety;
Neck Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Ties and Bows, in great variety;
Lace and Muslin Neck Scarfs;
Sash Ribbons in all qualities, and a full assortment of narrow Ribbons;
Ruffles at 25c. per dozen worth 10c. apiece;
Ruffles at 50c. per dozen worth 15c apiece—the latter have lace edges;
Ruffles by the yard from 2oc. up to $1,50 per yard;
Linen Collars at 50, 75c and $1 per dozen worth $1, 1,50 and $2;
Note Paper in boxes—twenty-four sheets of paper and twenty-four envelopes at 10, 15, 20 and 25c. a box;
Soaps, Extracts, and Toilet Water, manufactured by Colgate & Co., retailed at Wholesale prices;
Combs in great variety—Dressing, Fine, Round, Tuck and side Combs;
Brushes—Hair, Tooth, Nails and Cloth Brushes;
Lunch Baskets, Satchels, Shawl Straps, Trunks, and Valises;
Unbleached Knitting Cotton, three four and five strands, at 35c. per pound;
Bleached Knitting Cotton, all sizes, in balls, at 60c per pound;
Singer Sewing Machine Needles at 40c. per doz. Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Howe, Domestic, Weed, Home, Elliptic and Wilson Sewing Machine Needles at 50c per dozen. We pay the postage.
Clark's 'O. N. T.' John Clark's, and Coats's Spool—Cotton at 7oc. per dozen;
Carpet Warp in all colors—the best manufactured;
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Matting, Rugs, Mats;
Window Shades, Curtain Laces, Curtain Muslins and Curtain Fixtures;
Calico Collars and Cuffs at 10c. a set worth 30c.
Linen Stand Covers at 80c, worth $1;
Wool Table Covers at $1 worth 1,50;
Piano Covers at great bargains;
Table Linen Damask and Table Cloths in all qualities at extraordinary bargains;
Napkins, Doilies, Towels and Tray Cloths in great variety and at much below regular prices;
Honey Comb Quilts at $1 worth 1,50;
Crotchet Quilts at $1,50 and $2 worth $2,50 and $3;
White and Striped Hose for women and children in all qualities;
Kid Gloves in all qualities from 75c up to $2,25 a pair;
Lisle Thread Gloves and Gauntlets from 25c. up to 75c.;
Buck Gauntlets in all qualities;
Chevert Shirtings at 12½, 16⅔ and 25c. per yard;
Bed Tick in all qualities from 10c. to 30c. per yard;
Linen and Cotton Sheetings and Pillow Casings at bargains;
Bleached and Unbleached Cottons from 6⅔c. up to the best manufactured;
Linen Carriage Dusters in great variety;
Ready Made DRESSES and Undergarments for ladies;
Lace Points and Jackets in great variety, very cheap;
Merino Shirts for men, women and children;
Elastic and Leather Belts in great variety;
Corsets in great variety from 40c. up to $6 a pair;
Dimity Bands at $1 per dozen worth 15c apiece;
Fans and Fan Chains in great variety at

LEVY BROTHERS',
1017 and 1019 Main street,
aug 4. RICHMOND, VA.

Metropolitan Tea Co.

ON account of the hard times we are determined to sell Teas of any kind, cheaper than any house in the World.

Black Tea, from 50 to 1.00 per lb.
Young Hyson, " " " "
Imperial and Gunpowder 60 to $1.00 "

We will send a pound or a half pound package to you by mail

FOR A SAMPLE.

on receipt of the price. Please state the kind of Tea you want, and be very particular to give us your correct address.

All letters must be addressed,

METROPOLITAN TEA COMPANY.
32 and 34 Vesey Street,
June 23. New York.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY..... SEP. 22. 1875.

THE RECORDER.

Is PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $2 00 per annum, or $1 00 for six months—in variably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 30 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square 3 months $5—6 months $9—12 months $15
2 " 3 " $10—6 " $18—12 " $25
3 " 3 " $15—6 " $20—12 " $30
Half column 3 months $20—6 mo. $30—12 mo. $45
column 3 months $30—6 mo. $50—12 mo. $100

RAISING AND FATTENING HOGS.

J. G. Brown, of Marshall county, Iowa, who is said, raised the heaviest hogs in the State in 1874, communicates his method of raising and fattening hogs to the Register of that State. He says:

"We breed young sows and have the pigs come in April, May and June. Would like to confine them to the first two months but cannot always do so. Each sow is put in a separate pen, on a floor or dry ground, a few days before farrowing time. When one sow has a large number and one a small number of pigs, we equalize them, but always put older pigs with younger, and do it as soon as the sow has farrowed. The sows are fed ear corn and kitchen swill, with a little bran or ground feed in it. When the pigs are two or three weeks old, the sows and pigs are turned together in a lot or the pasture, if the grass has started sufficient for feed. As soon as the young pigs take to feed we shell and soak corn for them, and give swill with as much milk in it as the farm affords. The corn or swill should not be allowed to sour until the pigs are six weeks or two months old. The sows are still fed on corn, and run to grass or water. We wean the pigs at three to five months old by turning the sows into another pasture with the stock hogs, where they get only grass and water. The pigs are fed soaked corn until new corn is hard enough to pull, which they are fed for awhile, and then, generally, they are put after cattle.

In the following spring, as soon as the timothy starts so the shoats can get a mouthful they are turned to pasture, and get only grass and water till the new corn crop is ready to feed, unless dry weather late in the summer should make the grass very short, when they are fed on a little old corn once a day. We feed new corn sparingly until it is dry. The latter part of October the hogs are shut from the pasture and the feed increased to a full feed by the last of November, which is continued till February, when they are ready for market. In the winter the fat hogs have a good shelter, with a dry-dust nest.

Many feeders make a great mistake by stuffing their poor hogs with green corn, expecting to fatten them in a few weeks. It is a waste of corn, as a bushel will not make over five pounds of pork, while later when it is dry, it would make double that amount. Hogs that are intended for market before December should be fattened on old corn, as a change from old to a few weeks' feeding of new corn will be of little advantage to them.

WHAT NOT TO DO.

A farmer should not be so land-grasping as to imperil the title of what he now owns in the attempt to possess all that joins him.

He should not attempt to cultivate more than he can attend to thoroughly, nor keep more stock than he can feed well.

He should not put off the purchase of an implement he needs until the work is mostly done that requires it.

He should not let his stock run down in winter so low that it takes all summer for them to recruit.

He should not go to sleep at night until his plan for the morrow's work is thoroughly matured and his help acquainted with their morning duties.

He should not allow his help to attempt a job until he has made plain to them the details of their work.

He should not require too many hours's labor from his men, and should give them some privileges, and take an interest in their welfare and prospects.

He should never give way to passionate language when errors are committed. Vile words never repair a fault and do not lessen the chance of its repetition.

Finally, the farmer who makes a mild decision the rule of his house, who plans his business properly, has personal care of his work, is satisfied with small sure gains, will pass through life serenely, and leave a fair legacy to his children of worldly goods, and better still, an unsullied reputation.

BLIND STAGGERS IN PIGS.

Prof. Law, a good authority gives the following: When the hog is attacked, dash bucketfulls of cold water over the body, throw a purgative injection into the rectum, composed of six ounces of sulphate soda, and one or two teaspoonfuls of spirits of turpentine may be inserted under the skin behind the ears, or back of the neck may be blistered by rubbing in the following mixture: Spirits of turpentine and liquid ammonia, one ounce of each, with powdered cantharides two drachms.

There is one motion in cooking hay particularly necessary when showers are expected, that we do not often see now-a-days. To make a hay cock waterproof the haymaker should press every added forkful as solid as possible. No packing with rake or fork will answer, but let him jump the whole weight of his body upon the cock with every armful of hay.

AN EASY WAY TO BANISH CROWS.

J. W. Bliss of Bradford Vermont, adopted a novel way to keep the crows from his corn. A few days ago he found quite a flock busily engaged in a two-acre lot belonging to him. He procured a couple of small spring traps such as are used in catching muskrats, and set them some distance apart between the rows, scattering along a few kernels of corn. Not long after he heard a hubbub and cawing in the field loud enough to waken the nay hood seven sleepers, while the fence and trees near-by were nearly black with crows. He didn't trouble them for a couple of hour, though they did him by their continuous noise, after which he released the two caught in the traps. Since that time the crows have given that field a wide birth, not having been in the immediate vicinity. This way of getting rid of crows seems much preferable to shooting, as no northern bird does so much scavenger work as the crow.

CANVASSERS warted for two superb work of French art, "Little Runaway and her Pets" and the pretty pair, "The Dinner and the Nap." These pictures are worthy of a place in costly homes and inexpensive enough for the simplest. Selling rapidly, and TAKE ON SIGHT. We guarantee ready sales good profits and quick returns Any active person who will take hold can make a handsome income. Send for our best terms at once.

J. B. FORD & CO.
July 28 13t. 27 Park Place, New York.

PATENTS
Obtained, Best and Cheapest, by
Louis Bagger. & Co.,
Solicitors of Patents,
Offices, Federal Buildings,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

☞ Send stamp for printed pamphlet, containing complete instructions how to obtain Patents. july 21.

Albemarle Female Institute.
CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.
Nineteenth annual session begins first of September For circular giving Faculty and expenses, address
R. H. RAWLINGS, M. A. Principal.

THE ONLY POLYTECHNIC HOME SCHOOL.
ST. CLEMENT'S HALL,
Ellicott City, Md.
Five vacancies owing to enlargement. Apply at once. Graduates rank high. Receives only first class boys. Four courses; Classical, Liberal, Scientific, Comm'l. Send stamp to MASTERS for Decennial Catalogue.

GEISER'S
PATENT SELF-REGULATING
GRAIN SEPARATOR,
Cleaner and Bagger.
H M SMITH & CO.,
Post Office Box No 8, Richmond, Va.
GENERAL AGENTS FOR
Eastern Virginia and the States of North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia.

This is the most convenient, portable, and best made THRESHER and CLEANER now in use. It threshes rapidly and cleans more perfectly than any other pattern. It has a Self Regulating Blast which makes the blowing over of Wheat an impossibility.

Descriptive Catalogues of this Machine and Smith's Mounted Va. Horse Power, promptly sent to any address.

PLEASANT AND PROFITABLE EMPLOYMENT.—"Beautiful!" "Charming!" "Oh, how lovely!" "What are they worth!" &c. Such are exclamations by those who see the large elegant New Chromos produced by the European and American Chromo Publishing Co. They are all perfect Gems of Art. No one can resist the temptation to buy when seeing the Chromos. Canvassers, Agents, and ladies and gentlemen out of employment, will find this the best opening ever offered to make money. For full particulars, send stamp for confidential circular.
Address F GLEASON & CO.,
738 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

THE BROWN COTTON GIN CO.,



NEW LONDON, CONN.
Manufacturers of Cotton Gins, Cotton Gin Feeders, Condensers and Cotton Gin Materials of every description. Our Gins have been in use thirty years, and have an established reputation for simplicity, lightrunning, durability, and for quality and quantity of lint produced. Our Feeder is easily attached to the Gin, and easily operated by any hand of ordinary intelligence. They are the simplest and cheapest Feeder in the market and feed with more regularity than is possible by hand, increasing the outturn and giving a cleaner and better sample. At all Fairs where exhibited and by Planters having them in use, they have been accorded the highest encomiums. Our Condensers are well made, durable and simple in construction, and do what is required of them rapidly and well. No additional power is required to drive the Feeder or Condenser, and no Gin House is complete without them. We are prepared to warrant, to any reasonable extent, perfect satisfaction to every purchaser. Circulars, prices and full information furnished. Address as above, or apply to LEWIS HANES, Lexington, N. C.

$50 TO $10,000
Has been invested in Stock Privileges and paid
900 PER CENT PROFIT.
"How to Do It." a Book on Wall St., sent free. Tumbridge & Co., Bankers & Brokers. 2 Wall St., New York.

TEAS—The choicest in the world. Importers prices—Largest company in America—staple article; pleases everybody; Trade continually increasing; Agents wanted everywhere; best inducements; don't waste time—send for circular to Robert Wells, 43 Vesy St., N. Y. P. O. Box 1287.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars free. P. O VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
ALSO STATIONARY & PORTABLE
STEAM ENGINES,
No. 5 N. Schrooder st.
BALTIMORE, MD.



Grist Mills, Leffel's Turbine Water Wheels, Wood Working Machinery of all kinds, and Machinists' Sundries.
SEND FOR CATALOGUES.



BLATCHLEY'S
Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP is the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blatchley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to be sure that you get Blatchley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing with stamp.
CHAS. G. BLACHLEY, Manufacturer,
506 Commerce St. Philadelphia, Pa.
feb 17.

Southern Illustrated Age.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE only Illustrated Weekly in the South. Eight pages-Forty columns. Containing more reading matter than any weekly published in the Southern States.

The first number of the SOUTHERN ILLUSTRATED AGE will be issued on *Saturday, 26th day of June*, 1875.

The Publisher intends making it an illustrated record of the times. It will treat of every topic, Political, Historical, Literary and Scientific, which is of current interest, and give the best illustrations that can be obtained, original or foreign.

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Condensed Time Table. In effect on and after Sunday, August 29th, 1875.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte.....	9.15 p. m.	5.45 A M
" Air Line June'n	9.32 "	6.00
" Salisbury	11.56 "	8.34
" Greensboro....	3.15 a m	10.55
" Danville, ...	6.08 "	1.12 P. M
" Dundee, ...	6.18 "	1.20
" Burkeville, ...	11.55 "	6.17
Ar. at Richmond, ...	2.32 p. m.	8.40 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond,	1.38 P. M.	5.05 A M
" Burkville	4.52 "	8.33
" Dundee,	10.33 "	1.14 P M.
" Danville	10.50 "	1.47
" Greensboro	3.00 a m	3.58 "
" Salisbury,	5.32 A M	6.10 "
" Air-Line Jct'n	8.05 "	8.36 P M
Ar. at Charlotte.	8.22 "	8.43 "

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	MAIL.
Leave Greensboro'	4.00 a. m.	Ar. 2.00 p m
" Co' Shops	4.19 "	Lve 12.38 "
" Hillsboro,	"	"
" Raleigh	8.23 "	8.16 P M
Ar. at Goldsboro'	11.30 A M	Lve 5.00 "

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.
SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro	4.30 p. m.
Arrive at Salem	6.12 "
Leave Salem,	8.40 a. m.
Arrive at Greensboro,	10.22 "

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